TASK FORCE ON CLIMATE-RELATED FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES (TCFD) REPORT

Published October 2024

HILLENBRAND

INTRODUCTION

The following report was generated by Hillenbrand in accordance with the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") reporting guidance. This report details Hillenbrand's Governance, Strategy, Risk Management, and Metrics and Targets as they relate to our climate-related risk and opportunity assessment and monitoring processes.

Hillenbrand engaged with an external consultant to evaluate and prioritize climate-related risks and opportunities and to review our existing Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") process in alignment with recommendations from TCFD. The results of the risk assessment, as well as an overview of Hillenbrand's processes and strategies related to climate, are outlined in the report below.

GOVERNANCE

DESCRIBE THE BOARD'S OVERSIGHT OF CLIMATE-RELATED RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES.

Hillenbrand's Board of Directors has the ultimate oversight on all Environmental, Social, and Governance ("ESG") risks, including climate-related risks.

- The Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee ("NCGC") of the Board of Directors conducts quarterly reviews of Hillenbrand's objectives, progress, practices, and strategies related to sustainability, including risk management of sustainability and climate change.
- The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors annually reviews with senior management the ERM evaluation, which includes climate-related risks, and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such risks.

DESCRIBE THE MANAGEMENT'S ROLE IN ASSESSING AND MANAGING CLIMATE-RELATED RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES.

Sustainability at Hillenbrand is a shared commitment embedded at all levels of the organization. The risks identified through this structure are integrated into our ERM process, as outlined in the Risk Management section of this report.

- The Sustainability Steering Committee consists of executive leaders from across the organization who meet quarterly to review ESG strategies, action plans, and key performance indicators. This committee is led by the Chief Sustainability Officer, who also reports quarterly to the NCGC.
- The ESG Council consists of subject matter experts across global functions and Operating Companies. This Council meets every other month to review progress made by the Sustainability Working Groups in preparation for the Sustainability Steering Committee.
- The Sustainability Working Groups are typically led by subject-matter experts from key global functions and by representatives from each of Hillenbrand's Operating Companies. The Working Groups meet regularly to discuss sustainability initiatives, gather feedback on business concerns and recommendations, and align on implementation and resource planning.

STRATEGY

DESCRIBE THE RESILIENCY OF THE ORGANIZATION'S STRATEGY, TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION DIFFERENT CLIMATE-RELATED SCENARIOS, INCLUDING A 2°C OR LOWER SCENARIO.

We conducted a scenario analysis to assess the potential risks and opportunities Hillenbrand may face under three hypothetical future scenarios. The climate scenarios used for this analysis were developed by the Network for Greening the Financial System (NGFS), in collaboration with a number of external climate scientists and economists.

NGFS Net Zero 2050 Scenario

- An ambitious climate scenario that would limit global warming to 1.5°C through stringent climate policies and immediate action, allowing net zero CO₂ emissions to be reached around 2050
- Global climate policy landscape assumed to have medium variation
- A focus on innovation, with carbon dioxide removal used to accelerate decarbonization alongside bioenergy production and electrification
- Physical climate risks are relatively low, with the most limited global warming of the scenarios, but transition risks are high due to the immediate and decisive change

NGFS Delayed Transition Scenario

- Assumes business-as-usual until 2030 with no decrease in global emissions during this time; strong and rapid climate action is then required following 2030 in order to limit global warm to below 2°C
- Global climate policy landscape assumed to have high variation
- Development of carbon dioxide removal technology is assumed to be low, leading to high carbon prices to increase decarbonization
- Physical climate risks are medium given the actions being taken to limit global warming, but transition risks are very high due to the rapid change in policy and market preferences around 2030

NGFS Current Policies Scenario

- A business-as-usual scenario that assumes only currently implemented climate policies are maintained without the implementation of any new climate action
- Emissions would continue to grow, leading to global warming of 3°C or higher
- Physical climate risks are severe and result in irreversible damage, but transition risks are minimal as market preferences are not expected to change significantly

DESCRIBE THE CLIMATE-RELATED RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES THE ORGANIZATION HAS IDENTIFIED OVER THE SHORT, MEDIUM, AND LONG TERM.

With the support of an external consultant, Hillenbrand assessed the potential climate-related risks and opportunities facing the organization. The following process was used to identify and prioritize climate-related risks and opportunities:

1. Identification of pertinent climate-related risks and opportunities by compiling recommendations from the TCFD, industry research, and peer analysis.

- 2. Internal stakeholder interviews and a comprehensive survey were used to prioritize a subset of risks and opportunities for further quantitative and qualitative review.
- 3. Time horizon, likelihood of occurrence, and magnitude of financial impact were analyzed for the prioritized risks and opportunities.
- 4. Three climate-related risks and three climate-related opportunities were identified using the scenario analysis described above.

RISK 1 – RELYING ON ENERGY EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS AND PRODUCT PRICING TO RECOVER SUSTAINABILITY-RELATED INVESTMENTS.

The sustainability and decarbonization efforts required from Hillenbrand to meet market and stakeholder expectations may exceed the savings gained through energy efficiency improvements. If additional sustainability-related costs are not absorbed, and instead impact Hillenbrand's product pricing, this could impact Hillenbrand's market competitiveness.

Hillenbrand's Internal Perspective on Risk

• Risk Type: Market

• Time Horizon: Mid-term

· Likelihood of Occurrence: Low

· Magnitude of Financial Impact: High

• Primary Potential Financial Effect: Competitive Landscape Losses

Scenario Analysis of Modeled, Hypothetical Futures

While the likelihood of Hillenbrand experiencing additional sustainability-related costs is high under all three scenarios analyzed, the magnitude of financial impact varies significantly. Under the Current Policies scenario, this risk is expected to have a lower financial impact due to the lower cost and Hillenbrand's ability to absorb such costs, whereas under the Delayed Transition and Net Zero 2050 scenarios, the cost to decarbonize is expected to be high, and the potential loss of business derived by passing on such costs through product pricing is expected to have a much higher financial impact.

Considering both Hillenbrand's internal perspective and scenario analysis results, this risk is an overall low priority for the company. As concluded through our ERM process, the priority lies with absorption of cost, rather than passing them on to the customer, from which the loss of business would exceed the cost of absorption according to current business estimates. As pressures to decarbonize continue to evolve, Hillenbrand will continue to monitor sustainability-related costs and the associated market risk.

RISK 2 - THE COST OF COMPLIANCE WITH EMISSIONS REGULATIONS AND VALUE CHAIN ANALYSIS

As state, regional, and country regulatory bodies continue to implement more rigorous emissions-related disclosures or require emissions reductions, Hillenbrand may incur additional costs to comply with these requirements or incur fines for noncompliance. Additional headcount and systems may also be required to meet the information disclosure requirements.

Hillenbrand's Internal Perspective on Risk

Risk Type: Policy and LegalTime Horizon: Short-term

· Likelihood of Occurrence: High

· Magnitude of Financial Impact: Medium

• Primary Potential Financial Effect: Increased Controls Costs

Scenario Analysis of Modeled, Hypothetical Futures

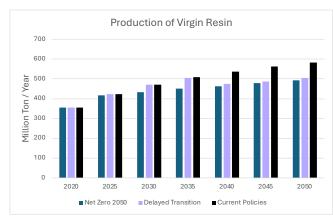
Under the Net Zero 2050 scenario, the risk of additional compliance costs is expected to have a very high likelihood of occurrence and a very high financial impact due to the significant cost required to comply with such ambitious decarbonization policies, as well as the cost associated with the risk of noncompliance. The likelihood of this risk is high in both the Delayed Transition and Current Policies scenario; however, the magnitude of impact is expected to be lower in the Current Policies scenario, as investments would be focused primarily on supporting customers and avoiding non-compliance.

Considering both Hillenbrand's internal perspective and scenario analysis results, this risk is an overall high priority for the company. Particularly, the risk of non-compliance with ESG regulation has been identified as a risk through our ERM process and disclosed in our <u>Annual Report on 10-K</u>, noting that regulations to address climate change and other environmental risks could increase our expenses and potentially may disrupt operations due to physical impacts of climate change. Hillenbrand is closely monitoring emerging climate-related policies and has begun to plan accordingly, including preparations for the EU Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive ("CSRD") and close monitoring of developments on the US SEC Climate Rule, among others.

RISK 3 - NEW REGULATIONS, INCLUDING POLICIES AND TAXATION, COULD HAVE A SUBSTANTIAL IMPACT ON HILLENBRAND'S CORE MARKETS.

Policies and taxation that affect Hillenbrand's core end markets, such as plastic regulations, could affect on the demand for Hillenbrand's products or service.

- Hillenbrand's Internal Perspective on Risk
- Risk Type: Policy and Legal
- Time Horizon: Long-term
- · Likelihood of Occurrence: Medium
- Magnitude of Financial Impact: Low
- Primary Potential Financial Effect: Sales Revenue Decreases



Source: NGFS Scenarios Portal

Scenario Analysis of Modeled, Hypothetical Futures

As new regulations are already being implemented, a continuation but not expansion of today's policies is expected across all three scenarios. This analysis reveals an insignificant impact on Hillenbrand's core markets, especially when compared to other macroeconomic factors. Virgin resin demand is projected

to remain steady across all three scenarios, and the durable plastics end market is not anticipated to be significantly impacted by plastics regulation, resulting in both the expected financial impact and likelihood of this risk remaining low.

Considering both Hillenbrand's internal perspective and scenario analysis results, this risk is considered low for the company. Hillenbrand will continue to monitor for changes in market demand related to plastics, but no impact to demand has yet been observed. As indicated in our **Annual Report on 10-K**, Hillenbrand is working towards the regulatory requirements that it is subject to and is taking the necessary actions to comply where required.

OPPORTUNITY 1 – ADDRESSING MARKET DEMAND FOR PRODUCTS THAT USE LESS ENERGY AND PRODUCE FEWER EMISSIONS.

With an increased focus on decarbonization and energy efficiency, customers may demand products that use less energy. Hillenbrand has the opportunity to meet this demand through product innovation.

Hillenbrand's Internal Perspective on Opportunity

• Opportunity Type: Products and Services

• Time Horizon: Long-term

Likelihood of Occurrence: MediumMagnitude of Financial Impact: High

• Primary Potential Financial Effect: Sales Revenue Increases

Scenario Analysis of Modeled, Hypothetical Futures

Under the Current Policies scenario, the likelihood of this opportunity occurring is high, as a demand for products using lower energy is already being observed with a moderate financial impact. Under the Net Zero 2050 scenario, however, the magnitude of impact is expected to grow, as demands for low-carbon, energy-efficient products would increase and remain strong throughout the projected timelines.

Considering both Hillenbrand's internal perspective and scenario analysis results, this opportunity is an overall high priority for the company. Hillenbrand remains focused on helping to support customer goals around energy and emissions, whether through innovative product offerings or aftermarket upgrades, to provide a low total cost of ownership and a high compatibility with decarbonization.

OPPORTUNITY 2 - ADDRESSING CUSTOMERS' NEED TO MEET REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.

As more countries continue to implement strict regulatory requirements related to value chain emissions and materials requirements, Hillenbrand has an opportunity to support customers in meeting these requirements.

Hillenbrand's Internal Perspective on Opportunity

· Opportunity Type: Products and Services

• Time Horizon: Mid-term

· Likelihood of Occurrence: Medium

· Magnitude of Financial Impact: Low to Medium

• Primary Potential Financial Effect: Sales Revenue Increases

Scenario Analysis of Modeled, Hypothetical Futures

The likelihood of occurrence and magnitude of financial impact for this opportunity are expected to range from low to medium across all three scenarios. While some policies such as those for recycled material percentages are already in place, the financial opportunity is not expected to grow significantly beyond the current state. Low-carbon needs prompted by regulatory requirements around decarbonization are expected to grow the most quickly in a Net Zero scenario, prompting modest financial opportunity.

Considering both Hillenbrand's internal perspective and scenario analysis results, this opportunity is one that allows us to serve our customers in a transitioning regulatory world. Customer service remains a high priority for Hillenbrand, but we assess this impact as low due to the gradual nature of the transition. The company will continue to monitor for changes in market demand due to regulations as we assess how best to support the needs of our customers.

OPPORTUNITY 3 – ADDRESSING MARKET DEMAND FOR RECYCLED MATERIALS AND RECYCLING SYSTEMS.

Innovating products to support the need for plastic recycling systems could provide Hillenbrand an opportunity to meet additional customer needs.

Hillenbrand's Internal Perspective on Opportunity

• Opportunity Type: Products and Services

Time Horizon: Short to Mid-termLikelihood of Occurrence: Low

• Magnitude of Financial Impact: High

• Primary Potential Financial Effect: Sales Revenue Increases

Scenario Analysis of Modeled, Hypothetical Futures

While the potential financial opportunity is considered high from an internal perspective, both the likelihood of occurrence and the predicted magnitude for this opportunity are expected to be low across all three scenarios as current market forecasting anticipates customer demand to not be significantly impacted by Net Zero requirements. Demand for virgin resin in particular is anticipated to remain strong across all three scenarios.

Considering both Hillenbrand's internal perspective and scenario analysis results, this opportunity is an overall low priority for the company. Hillenbrand will continue to monitor for changes in market demand for plastic recycling systems as we remain well-positioned to meet the existing demand; however, no additional action is deemed necessary at this time.

RISK MANAGEMENT

DESCRIBE THE ORGANIZATION'S PROCESSES FOR IDENTIFYING AND ASSESSING CLIMATE-RELATED RISKS.

Since 2022, Hillenbrand has included climate-related risks in our ERM process. Annually, the Sustainability Team, led by Hillenbrand's Chief Sustainability Officer, compiles and discusses a list of potential risks from global sources including the World Economic Forum, United Nations, Global Business Risk Barometers, and Top Policy Trends and Risks. In collaboration with our Sustainability Working Groups embedded across Hillenbrand's Operating Companies, potential climate-related risks are evaluated based on their consequences, likelihood, immediacy, dollar impact, and reputational impact. Results from this process are reviewed with Hillenbrand's Executive Management Team and Board of Directors, and the steps taken to monitor and control risks are evaluated.

DESCRIBE HOW PROCESSES FOR IDENTIFYING, ASSESSING, AND MANAGING CLIMATE-RELATED RISKS ARE INTEGRATED INTO THE ORGANIZATION'S OVERALL RISK MANAGEMENT.

The Sustainability Team, in collaboration with external advisors, convened multiple working sessions focused on expanding climate-related risk and opportunity identification, evaluation, and prioritization. Hillenbrand intends for this to be an ongoing process with annual review of risks and opportunities as required by CSRD. Additionally, recommended improvements have been implemented to align Hillenbrand's existing ERM process more closely with TCFD recommendations.

DESCRIBE THE ORGANIZATION'S PROCESSES FOR MANAGING CLIMATE-RELATED RISKS.

Following the annual climate-related risk identification process, a risk response plan is developed and communicated to relevant stakeholders and our Sustainability Working Groups within Hillenbrand's businesses. Beginning in FY25, Hillenbrand will expand the annual ERM process to include a mid-year Risk Committee review to summarize updates to risk mitigation actions, increase the visibility and review of identified risks, allow a mid-year reprioritization of enterprise risk, and formally tie the impacts of the ERM review to the Strategic Forecast process.

METRICS & TARGETS

DISCLOSE THE METRICS USED BY THE ORGANIZATION TO ASSESS CLIMATE-RELATED RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES IN LINE WITH ITS STRATEGY AND RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS.

Hillenbrand recognizes the urgency to address climate change and the risks posed by inaction. In our 2023 Sustainability Report, we disclose our Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions, by which we have been able to identify the most significant emissions across the full value chain of our products. Next, we plan to focus on enterprise-wide decarbonization, working up and down the value chain to better understand how best to partner with suppliers and customers in joint emission reduction practices. These initiatives include energy audits, expanding renewable energy across our operations, and converting Scope 1 into Scope 2 emissions through the electrification of gas-fuel equipment and processes. Whether for our operations or our customers, our goal remains the same: to minimize energy use within our processes.

METRICS & TARGETS continued

In addition to energy and emissions, Hillenbrand monitors several other metrics related to climate risks and opportunities. In the 2023 Sustainability Report, Hillenbrand disclosed our annual water usage (including withdrawal, discharge, and consumption) as well as results from water stress analyses and our mitigation strategy. Waste generation and biodiversity impacts are also monitored and disclosed.

DISCLOSE SCOPE 1 AND SCOPE 2, AND IF APPROPRIATE, SCOPE 3 GHG EMISSIONS, AND THE RELATED RISKS.

The 2023 greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions inventory includes emissions generated from Hillenbrand's own operations (Scopes 1 and 2) as well as the most significant Scope 3 emissions from across the value chain. The following table provides an overview of Hillenbrand's reported emissions in 2023. Emissions calculations were performed in accordance with the GHG Protocol, by which we define the reporting boundary for our climate-related impacts in terms of operational control.

The most significant risk to decarbonization lies in Hillenbrand's Scope 3 emissions, which account for over 99% of our total emissions, and 96% of which can be

	Metric Tons CO ₂ e ¹		
	2023		
Scope 1	13,012		
Scope 2	43,677		
Scope 3 ²	27,635,128		

(1) See page 29 and 30 of Hillenbrand's 2023 Sustainability Report for emission calculation details

(2) Sum of Scope 3 Category 1 and Category 11

categorized into Category 11: Use of Sold Products. This reflects the durability of our products, which in some cases have a projected lifespan of more than 20 years. The benefits of this longevity are not captured in Scope 3 GHG accounting since it requires evaluating emissions over the product's lifetime. Any increase in the durability of our products could therefore counter increases in efficiency and jeopardize our ability to reduce our Scope 3 emissions. In response, we are working to incorporate energy efficiency assessments and product carbon footprinting into the product development process, and to expand our aftermarket service offerings to further improve the energy efficiency of our products. These changes could then be captured in ongoing restatement of our historic data, mitigating the impact of Category 11 on our overall emissions.

Another risk lies in our ability to electrify operations and processes that currently rely on natural gas and other fuels, as cost and operational downtime present significant barriers to decarbonization. As part of our energy audits, a cross-functional team of experts has examined the viability of various electrification and renewable energy projects, comparing their GHG emissions reduction potential and return on investment to develop a customized approach to decarbonization. Subsequent discussions have transformed these outcomes into an actionable project pipeline, which will guide our priorities as we continue to monitor for any potential disruption.

DESCRIBE THE TARGETS USED BY THE ORGANIZATION TO MANAGE CLIMATE-RELATED RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES AND PERFORMANCE AGAINST TARGETS.

With a comprehensive understanding of our organization's GHG emissions, Hillenbrand is currently evaluating GHG emissions reduction targets for Scope 1 and Scope 2. Hillenbrand recognizes the importance of setting reduction targets not only to mitigate the effects of climate change, but also to address stakeholder expectations and better anticipate regulatory, policy, and market developments. To this end, Hillenbrand is evaluating Science Based Targets Initiative (SBTi) recommendations and working to determine how best to align them with our organization's sustainability strategy.

ABOUT THIS REPORT

MATERIALITY

The use of "material" or "materiality" in this report should not be construed, and is not intended to convey, matters or facts that could be deemed or characterized "material" to a reasonable investor as referred to under U.S. securities laws, SEC reporting regulations, or similar requirements of other jurisdictions.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Throughout this TCFD Report, we make a number of "forward-looking statements," that are within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and that are intended to be covered by the safe harbor provided under these sections. As the words imply, these are statements about future sales, earnings, cash flow, results of operations, uses of cash, financings, share repurchases, ability to meet deleveraging goals, and other measures of financial performance or potential future plans or events, strategies, objectives, beliefs, prospects, assumptions, expectations, and projected costs or savings or transactions of the Company that might or might not happen in the future, as contrasted with historical information. Forward looking statements are based on assumptions that we believe are reasonable, but by their very nature are subject to a wide range of risks. If our assumptions prove inaccurate or unknown risks and uncertainties materialize, actual results could vary materially from Hillenbrand's expectations and projections.

Words that could indicate that we are making forward-looking statements include the following:

• intend	• goal	• become	 continue 	• target	 potential
 believe 	 would 	• pursue	 could 	 encourage 	 should
• plan	 project 	 estimate 	 anticipate 	 promise 	 impact
 expect 	 position 	• will	 remain 	 improve 	 strategy
• may	 future 	 forecast 	• likely	 progress 	

This is not an exhaustive list but is intended to give you an idea of how we try to identify forward-looking statements. The absence of any of these words, however, does not mean that the statement is not forward-looking.

HERE IS THE KEY POINT: FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE NOT GUARANTEES OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE OR EVENTS, AND ACTUAL RESULTS OR EVENTS COULD DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE SET FORTH IN ANY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.

Any number of factors, many of which are beyond our control, could cause our performance to differ significantly from what is described in the forwardlooking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to: global market and economic conditions, including those related to the continued volatility in the financial markets; the risk of business disruptions associated with information technology, cyber-attacks, or catastrophic losses affecting infrastructure; increasing competition for highly skilled and talented workers, as well as labor shortages; closures or slowdowns and changes in labor costs and labor difficulties; uncertainty related to environmental regulation and industry standards, as well as physical risks of climate change; uncertainty related to environmental regulation, including the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") final climate rules and litigation regarding its enforceability; increased costs, poor quality, or unavailability of raw materials or certain outsourced services and supply chain disruptions; economic and financial conditions, including volatility in interest and exchange rates, commodity and equity prices and the value of financial assets; uncertainty in U.S. global trade policy; our level of international sales and operations; the impact of incurring significant amounts of indebtedness and any inability of the Company to respond to changes in its business or make future desirable acquisitions; the ability of the Company to comply with financial or other covenants in debt agreements; negative effects of acquisitions, including the Schenck Process Food and Performance Materials ("FPM") business and Linxis Group SAS ("Linxis") acquisitions, on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and financial performance (including the ability of the Company to maintain relationships with its customers, suppliers, and others with whom it does business); the possibility that the anticipated benefits from acquisitions including the FPM and Linxis acquisitions cannot be realized by the Company in full or at all, or may take longer to realize than expected; risks that the integrations of FPM or Linxis or other acquired businesses disrupt current operations or pose potential difficulties in employee retention or otherwise affect financial or operating results; competition in the industries in which we operate, including on price; cyclical demand for industrial capital goods; the ability to recognize the benefits of any acquisition or divestiture, including potential synergies and cost savings or the failure of the Company or any acquired company to achieve its plans and objectives generally; impairment charges to goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets; impacts of decreases in demand or changes in technological advances, laws, or regulation on the net revenues that we derive from the plastics industry; changes in food consumption patterns due to dietary trends, or the plastics industry; changes in food consumption patterns due to dietary trends, or the plastics industry; changes in food consumption patterns due to dietary trends, or the plastics industry; changes in food consumption patterns due to dietary trends, or the plastics industry; changes in food consumption patterns due to dietary trends, or the plastics industry; changes in food consumption patterns due to dietary trends, or the plastics industry; changes in food consumption patterns due to dietary trends, or the plastics industry; changes in food consumption patterns due to dietary trends, or the plastics industry in the plastics industry in the plastic patterns due to dietary trends, or the plastic patterns due to dietary trends, or the plastic patterns due to dietary trends due to dietary trendseconomic conditions, or other reasons; our reliance upon employees, agents, and business partners to comply with laws in many countries and jurisdictions; the impact to the Company's effective tax rate of changes in the mix of earnings or in tax laws and certain other tax-related matters; exposure to tax uncertainties and audits; involvement in claims, lawsuits, and governmental proceedings related to operations; uncertainty in the U.S. political and regulatory environment; adverse foreign currency fluctuations; labor disruptions; and the effect of certain provisions of the Company's governing documents and Indiana law that could decrease the trading price of the Company's common stock. Shareholders, potential investors, and other readers are urged to consider these risks and uncertainties in evaluating forward-looking statements and are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements. For a more in-depth discussion of certain factors that could cause actual results to differ from those contained in forward-looking statements, see the discussion under the heading "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of Hillenbrand's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023, filed with the SEC on November 15, 2023, and in Part II, Item 1A of Hillenbrand's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2024, filed with the SEC on August 7, 2024. Any forward-looking statement made in this TCFD Report is based only on information currently available to us and speaks only as of the date on which it is made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, made from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

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MATTERS FOR
TOMORROW

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